

# Glasgow Weekly Times.

CLARK H. GREEN,  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DEVOTED TO POLITICAL, AGRICULTURAL AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

{ ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM,  
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE. }

VOL. XX.

GLASGOW, MO., THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1859.

NO. 18.

## SAINT LOUIS ADVERTISEMENTS.

**C. D. SULLIVAN & CO.**  
Jewellers, Watch & Clock Makers  
No. 30, Fourth St., St. Louis, Mo.  
A large and well selected assortment of  
clocks, watches, jewelry, silver spoons, &c.,  
constantly on hand for sale low.  
All kinds of jewelry made to order and neatly  
repaired. Engraving neatly executed, and all  
orders promptly attended to.  
The highest prices paid for old Gold and  
Silver.  
JAS. B. FALLENSTEIN, CHAS. WM. GAUSE

**FALLENSTEIN & GAUSE,**  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
**BOOTS & SHOES,**  
Main street No. 16, upstairs,  
Oct 25 St. Louis Missouri

**HANENKAMP & HYNES,**  
WHOLESALE GROCERS  
Commission and Forwarding  
**MERCHANTS,**  
No. 92 Second street, between Locust and Vine  
(East side.)  
St. Louis, Mo.

Particular attention paid to sales of Hemp  
Tobacco, Grain, Bacon and Lard. [dec 6]  
ANTONIS, GRANT, M. BRANHAM, C. V. KEISER

**BRANHAM, KEISER & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE GROCERS,  
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING  
**MERCHANTS,**  
(Successors to Riley & Curtis.)  
No. 32 Levee and 64 Commercial Street,  
St. Louis, Missouri.

WE have taken the above mentioned Store  
Rooms, and are prepared to fill orders for  
all kinds of  
**Staple and Fancy Groceries.**  
We also solicit consignment of PRODUCE and  
FORWARDING GOODS. One member of our House  
will devote his entire attention to that depart-  
ment.  
[Jan 28 1858.]

**TATUM & CO.,**  
Commission and Forwarding Merchant.  
No. 160 Second Street,  
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.  
PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale of  
Tobacco, Hemp, Wheat, &c., and to the re-  
ceiving and forwarding of Produce and Merchandise  
generally. Feb 16, 59-ly.

**S. H. BAILEY,**  
WHOLESALE CONFECTIONER,  
No. 74 Third Street, St. Louis, Mo.  
WOULD respectfully call your attention to  
his large and complete assortment of Large  
and Small Stick Candy, Sugar Plums, Almonds,  
Comfits, Rock Candy, Kisses and Lozenges. Also  
to his fancy Kisses, Peppermints, Peppermint  
Cakes, &c., for Confectionery. His articles  
are manufactured expressly for the country trade,  
and their superior quality is well attested by the  
large and increasing sales, and the already well  
established reputation which they have acquired,  
believed to surpass that of any other establish-  
ment in St. Louis.  
Orders solicited and promptly attended to.  
Jy 8, 1855.

**JAS. D. LEONARD,**  
LUMBER MERCHANT,  
CORNER WASHINGTON AV. AND TWELFTH ST.  
ST. LOUIS, MO.  
PITTSBURG, CHICAGO & WISCONSIN  
LUMBER.  
SHINGLES, WEATHERBOARDING, DOORS AND SASHES,  
Constantly on Hand.  
March 11, 1858-ly.

**FULTON IRON WORKS,**  
Second & Carr Street, St. Louis.  
GERARD B. ALLEN,  
MANUFACTURERS High and Low Pressure  
Steam Engines, for river and land service.  
Boilers, Sheet-Iron work,  
Saw and Grind Mill Machinery,  
Shafts and Lard Screws, and Castings of every  
description.  
Circular Saw Mills of the Patent and Child's  
(March 18, 1858-ly)

**YEATMAN, ROBINSON & CO.,**  
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
Corner 2d & Green Sts.,  
St. Louis, Mo.  
Special attention paid to the sale of  
Hemp and produce generally.

**THOS. H. LARKIN & CO.,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS  
AND  
Wholesale Grocers,  
No. 30 Levee and Cor. Com. St.,  
SAINT LOUIS.  
Special attention given to sales of Hemp  
and grain. Feb 3, 59-ly.

**HENRY I. LORING & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE  
BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS,  
PAPER DEALERS, AND  
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,  
No. 136 MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE STATE BANK MO  
ST. LOUIS, MO.  
N. I. LORING, S. D. PATTERSON, C. F. LORING.

WE beg leave to call attention to our large  
stock of SCHOOL BOOKS, comprising  
all the popular series now in use throughout the  
South and West.

**STATIONERY,**  
Both American and Foreign, in endless variety.  
**PAPER.**  
Cap, Letter and Note, of all the various qualities,  
ruled and plain; Flat Papers, Colored Papers,  
glazed and unglazed; Printers' News, of all the  
usual sizes in general use, Crown, Medium,  
Double crown and Double Medium; Grocery  
Wrapping, together with a large assortment of  
Wall Paper, Bordering and Paper Window Shades.

**BLANK BOOKS.**  
Day Books, Ledgers, Journals, Invoice Books,  
cash Books, Records, of first quality of paper  
and superior style of binding. Also, Pass Books,  
Memorandum Books, Copy Books, &c.  
We respectfully call a call, feeling certain that  
we can give satisfaction in every particular.

**HENRY I. LORING & CO.**  
Blank Books made to order, of any style  
or pattern, with or without Printed Headings.  
R. B. Cren Goffton and Lines Paper taken in  
large for Goods. Feb 17, 59-ly.

**INDIGO BLUE**—The best articles pre-  
pared and sold at  
J. LORING.

## ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENTS.

**ARTIST'S EMPORIUM**  
**J. SPORE,**  
101 FOURTH ST.  
THERE can be found at all seasons the largest  
and most complete assortment of  
**Artists' Materials, Engravings, &c.**  
To be found in St. Louis. I am prepared to ex-  
ecute all kinds of Fancy and Ornamental Paint-  
ing, Banners, &c.  
Artists and Amateurs will find at my establish-  
ment Crayons, Crayon Paper, Water Colors, &c.,  
in abundance.  
All work and materials warranted to be equal  
to any in the city and as liberal terms.  
Remember the place, 101 Fourth street,  
Ten Buildings, above Locust.  
June 4, 1857. JAMES SPORE.

**Moffitt's Prem. Ohio Thresher & Cleaner.**  
SAINT LOUIS  
**AGRICULTURAL WORKS,**  
CORNER MAIN AND BIDDLE STS.,  
**CLARK, RICHARDSON & CO.,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Agricultural Implements & Machines.  
**THE KENTUCKY HARVESTER.**  
2000 BUILDING FOR THE HARVEST OF '59.  
Has never been beaten in a field trial. Has taken  
more first premiums since its introduction; is by  
FIFTY PER CENT. the best made; and will give  
the operator less trouble than any combined Mow-  
er and Reaper in the market. Every Machine is  
set up and thoroughly tested at the shop and  
warranted. Also,  
**ADKIN'S SELF-RAKERS.**  
The only good one in the field.  
Belly's Grain Drill & Broadcast Sower.  
**CHINESE SUGAR CANE MILLS.**  
With Evaporators, at from \$50 to \$500.  
Page & Child's Single and Double Circular Saw  
Mills, for Horse, Water or Steam Power.  
Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and  
Boilers.  
Hammers' Portable Flouring and Bolting Mills.  
Corn and feed Mills—all sizes.  
Dedrick's Hay and Cotton Press.  
Smut Mills and Mill Machinery.  
Rubber and Leather Belting, &c.  
ORDERS SOLICITED.  
Pamphlets and Circulars, with descriptions,  
prices and terms, furnished gratuitously.  
may 12-59

**COX & ROBERTS'**  
PATENT  
**THRESHER & CLEANER,**  
MANUFACTURED BY  
**KINGSLANDS & FERGUSON,**  
SAINT LOUIS.  
THE above named Machines are unquestion-  
ably the most simple, cheap and durable of  
the most unskillful farmer.  
This Machine received the first premium at the  
last Fair of the St. Louis Agricultural and  
Mechanical Association, for being THE BEST  
FOUR HORSE POWER THRESHER AND CLEANER  
on exhibition.  
IT HAVING THRESHED AND CLEANED  
MAY WHEAT, IN BETTER STYLE,  
IN A GIVEN TIME, THAN ANY OTHER  
FOUR OR EIGHT HORSE MACHINE ON  
THE GROUND.  
Our LEVER CABIN HORSE POWER WAS  
awarded the same fair the GRAND GOLD  
MEDAL OF HONOR.  
We are this season prepared to furnish these  
Machines with several late improvements, and  
we guarantee the workmanship and material shall  
not be excelled by any other make. We sell  
them with either lever or endless chain horse  
power, as preferred.  
Orders filled promptly.  
**KINGSLANDS & FERGUSON,**  
Corner of Second and Cherry Sts., ST. LOUIS,  
April 1859.  
Harrison & Co., Agents, Glasgow.

**BEN F. CRANE & CO.,**  
DEALERS IN  
Solid Silver and Plated Ware,  
FINE TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,  
Has removed to corner of Fourth and Locust  
Streets in  
**ODD FELLOWS' HALL,**  
ST. LOUIS, MO.  
JONES' COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,  
S. E. CORNER WASHINGTON AV. AND THIRD ST.  
ST. LOUIS, MO.  
ESTABLISHED IN 1841.

A full course of instruction in this institution  
embraces Double-Entry Book-Keeping,  
Commercial Calculations, Commercial Law, and  
Penmanship.  
Special instruction given in the art of de-  
tecting Counterfeit Money.  
Gentlemen can enter for the courses separate-  
ly, and at any time, as instruction is imparted in-  
dividually, and not in classes, each Department  
being independent of the other, and under the  
control of a Professor educated for the special  
duties of that Department in which he is em-  
ployed.  
For circulars, containing information in regard  
to the Terms, Course of Instruction, Rules for  
Detecting Counterfeit Bank Notes, Weights of  
Produce, Tares allowed on Produce, &c., etc.,  
call at the Book-keeping Department, or address,  
**JONATHAN JONES,**  
St. Louis, Mo.  
Jan 6-ly.

**TEAS,** Imperial, Young Hyson, Black Tea,  
and Gun Powder. mar 10 T. L. & Co.

## INSURANCE, ETC.

**BY STATE AUTHORITY.**  
**PHENIX**  
**INSURANCE COMPANY**  
**HARTFORD**  
**CONN.**  
FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.  
(CHARTER PERPETUAL.)  
CASH CAPITAL, --- \$200,000.00  
CASH ASSETS, --- \$119,084.66  
S. L. LOOMIS, President.  
H. KELLOGG, Secretary.  
Branch Office, 31 & 34 West 3d St., Cincinnati  
M. MAGILL, General Agent.

Agents in the principal cities and towns of the  
United States.  
**LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID.**  
Applications received, and Policies issued and  
renewed by O. HENDERSON, Agent,  
June 2  
CHOICE FIRST-CLASS INSURANCE,  
BY THE  
**AETNA INSURANCE COMPANY,**  
**HARTFORD, CONN.**  
INCORPORATED 1818-CHARTER PERPETUAL.  
CASH CAPITAL \$1,000,000.  
Absolute and Unimpaired.  
WITH A SURPLUS OF \$76,920.08.  
Losses Equitably Adjusted & Promptly Paid.  
Special attention given to Insurance of DWEL-  
LINGS AND Contents, for terms of 1 to  
5 years.  
FIRE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS  
Accepted at terms consistent with solvency and  
fair profit.  
Applications promptly attended to, and Policies  
issued by THOMSON, LEWIS & CO.,  
April 21 Agents, Glasgow.

**J. H. MANN'S**  
PATENT COMBINED  
**MOWER & REAPER.**  
KINGSLANDS & FERGUSON,  
St. Louis, Mo.  
WE are this season prepared to furnish this  
widely known and justly popular Ma-  
chine—with all the new and valuable im-  
provements, and made in a style certain to place it  
in advance of all others.  
Its past success, both as a Reaper and Mower,  
warrant us in recommending it to purchasers as a  
Machine that will give perfect satisfaction in every  
particular.  
Our facilities for manufacturing will enable us  
to fill all orders promptly, but would be pleased  
to receive orders early, so that we may fill  
them on the day they are wanted.  
Orders respectfully solicited.  
**KINGSLANDS & FERGUSON,**  
Cor. 2nd and Cherry sts., St. Louis.  
April 7 Harrison & Co., Agents, Glasgow.

**TO FARMERS.**  
WE would again advise the farmers of the  
country that we are in the market for  
Fat cattle,  
Sheep,  
Hogs,  
Turkeys,  
Chickens,  
Butter,  
Eggs,  
Game,  
Vegetables, &c.,  
for which we offer the highest market rates,  
IN CASH.  
We have no goods to sell at high rates, or barter  
for, but will pay cash on delivery.  
One of the firm will always be at the Wharf  
Boat, ready to receive ladies or gentlemen who  
may have anything in our line to sell, and promptly  
pay for the same. Those coming to town with  
marketing, are requested to come directly to the  
boat, as we buy everything, and pay good prices,  
in cash.  
Feb 17. SEIBEL, HERYFORD & CO.

**Bonnets, Collars & Sleeves.**  
THE best and handsomest assortment of Bon-  
nets we have ever offered, can now be seen  
at our store, viz:  
Straw, Crane and Silk,  
trimmed and untrimmed, the latest French styles.  
Full sets of collars and sleeves, in lace, some-  
thing new and handsome; also good variety, usual  
styles, in sets or otherwise.  
April 7 STROUSE & FRIEDSAM.

**GLASGOW CARDING MACHINE.**  
THE above Machines are now in complete or-  
der, and ready for business. The Machines  
are worked by steam, and  
**No Delay in Carding Wool,**  
especially for customers from a distance, who  
will be served as soon as they arrive. Saline cus-  
tomers will be passed over the river.  
**Free of Ferriage.**  
The superior work of these Machines is well  
known, and all work done will be warranted, as  
usual. Some  
**Late and Important Additions**  
have been added, which can only be used where  
the motive power is steam.  
TERMS.—White wool, 8 cents; Mixed wool,  
12 1-2 cents.  
June 9, 1859 DAN'L J. HAYS.

**Belmont Wheeling Nails.**  
JUST received, direct from the manufacturers,  
200 kegs (all sizes) of the celebrated Bel-  
mont Wheeling Nails, manufactured by Norton  
Ashmun & Co. For sale low by  
BARTHOLOW & ROBBINS.

## THE GLASGOW TIMES.

CLARK H. GREEN, Editor.  
Single copies of THE TIMES, put up in  
wrappers, can always be had at the office at five  
cents a copy.  
Yearly advertisers are restricted to their  
legitimate business. Other advertisements will  
be charged at regular rates.  
No charge for inserting deaths, but fifty  
cents per square will be charged for obituary  
notices—to be paid in advance.  
The charge for marriage notices is left to  
the bridegroom, and will be acknowledged in the  
paper.  
Where editorial notice of advertisements  
is requested, it will be given and charged for.

**STEAMER BURNED.**—The steamer Morning Star  
was burned on Monday evening of last week.  
She was laid up at the time, above St. Louis.  
She was one of our best Missouri river boats, and  
cost about \$60,000. Five-eighths of her was in-  
sured. It is supposed she took fire from sparks  
of a passing boat.

**Branch Bank of the State of Missouri at  
St. Joseph.**  
The Directors met on Saturday, the 18th, and  
organized the Bank by electing the following offi-  
cers:  
R. W. DONNELL—President.  
A. M. SEXTON—Cashier.  
A. P. GOTT—Teller and Clerk.  
A. J. MCCORMACK—Notary.  
The Bank will commence business about the  
1st day of July.

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Gov. JAMES C. JONES, of Tennessee, declares  
in a letter published in the Memphis Bulletin, his  
position in regard to the Presidential Election in  
1860. He says: "I speak for myself—I am for  
Stephen A. Douglas for President of the United  
States in 1860."  
I seek to saddle him on nobody, or party. The  
time has passed when the people will permit any  
man to saddle himself or any one else on them.  
While I repudiate the charges that I seek to  
saddle Mr. Douglas on the Democratic party, yet  
I am for him, because after a long and intimate  
association with him, I know him to be honest,  
sound, conservative and patriotic, true to the Con-  
stitution and all its requirements. And yet, fur-  
ther, I think it impossible to elect any man resid-  
ing in the South, and I believe that he is the only  
man north of Mason and Dixon's line that can be  
elected, that would be true to the South—hence I  
am for him, and if it suits your convenience, taste  
or interests, you may proclaim it to the world. I  
neither seek nor care to know who is for or against  
him, for the reasons above given."

**CUBA—SIDELL—THE PRESIDENCY.**—The fol-  
lowing paragraphs from a Washington letter in the  
Republican, show that old Buck keeps an  
idea on Cuba, and that John Sidel of Louisiana  
wants to be President, and is going ahead to  
keep from dragging his own prospect. Verily  
a politician is a cute animal. Here are the ex-  
tracts:  
The report that Mr. Sidell has accepted the  
French mission is probably true, although stoutly  
contradicted by his friends here. Mr. S. has said  
over and over often he would not accept the mis-  
sion under any state of circumstances, but understand  
Mr. Buchanan urges his acceptance as a matter  
of public importance just at this crisis. In other  
words, the President desires to have a confidential  
friend at the Court of St. Cloud, with whom he  
can communicate freely, and of whom Louis Ni-  
poleon can say to Spain, "if you need funds, here  
is the very man to make a financial arrangement  
with you."  
On the other hand, it is said, that as a candi-  
date for the succession in 1860, Mr. Sidell had  
better be absent from the country. He has just  
carried the State of Louisiana and secured an en-  
dorsement of himself and the administration by  
the Democratic party there. Now he can retire,  
and if the State be lost in the next campaign, he  
can attribute it, not to his weakness or unpopularity,  
but to his absence from the State.

**LITERARY NOTICE.**  
THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN—The publishers  
of this widely circulated and popular illustrated  
weekly journal of mechanics and science, an-  
nounce that it will be enlarged on the first of July,  
and otherwise greatly improved, containing six-  
teen pages instead of eight, the present size,  
which will make it the largest and cheapest sci-  
entific journal in the world; it is the only journal  
of its class that has ever succeeded in this country,  
and maintains a character for authority in all mat-  
ters of mechanics, science and the arts, which is  
not excelled by any other journal published in  
this country or in Europe. Although the pub-  
lishers will incur an increased expense of \$8,000  
a year by this enlargement, they have determined  
not to raise the price of subscription, relying upon  
their friends to indemnify them in this increased  
expenditure, by a corresponding increase of sub-  
scribers. Terms: \$2 a year, or 10 copies for \$15.  
Specimen copies of the paper with a pamphlet of  
information to inventors, furnished gratis, by  
mail, on application to the publishers,  
MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park Row, N. Y.

**National Democracy—A Portrait.**  
The following graphic portrait of the National  
Democracy is drawn by the master hand of the  
Charleston Mercury, one of the ablest and most  
uncompromising organs of the Southern wing of  
the Democratic party. The Mercury seems to be  
pretty well convinced now, that the "National  
Democracy" is a humbug—a cheat—an imposi-  
tion. Hear what it says:  
"We have seen nothing in National Democracy  
of late years which challenges our admiration, to  
say nothing of our allegiance.  
It has trifled with Constitutional provisions,  
disregarded Constitutional restrictions, and set  
at naught positive Constitutional injunctions.  
It has aided in the passage of unjust and un-  
equal laws.  
It has squandered the public money, sordid  
the common Treasury, and to FOREIGN PAUPERS  
given the Public Lands.  
Its promises have been broken.  
Its pledges disregarded, and  
its professions falsified."

**Gen. Sam Houston.**  
Some days since we mentioned that Gen.  
Sam. Houston, the old hero of San Jacinto,  
had been nominated as the Independent  
Democratic candidate for Governor of Tex-  
as. We find the following letter addressed  
to the editor of the Austin Intelligencer.  
INDEPENDENCE, JUNE 3, 1859.  
Geo. W. PASCHAL, Esq.—DEAR SIR:—  
On yesterday I yielded my own inclinations  
to the wishes of my friends, and concluded,  
if elected, to serve the people as the Execu-  
tive of the State. The Constitution and the  
Union embrace the principles by which I  
will be governed if elected. They compre-  
hend all the old Jackson National Demo-  
cracy I ever professed, or officially pro-  
fessed.  
SAM. HOUSTON.

**THE NEW YORK POST ON THE WAR.**  
The Evening Post, in a leading article on  
the war news, says:  
"The brunt of the war is now at hand.  
Austria has been thus far merely driven  
from her out-posts, and will undoubtedly  
concentrate her armies in the districts de-  
fended by what have been considered the  
four impregnable citadels of Lignano, Pes-  
chiera, Verona and Mantua.  
Three of these are disposed in a triangu-  
lar position, and armed with such comple-  
teness, that they are spoken of as models of  
military and engineering art. They are ex-  
pected to hold out for a great length of time  
against any assaulting force that may be  
brought against them.  
In the revolution of 1848, the condition  
of the Austrians was nearly as desperate as  
it is now; nevertheless, Radetzki, support-  
ing himself upon these fortresses, and rally-  
ing from them as the occasion required,  
reduced Lombardy to subjection once more,  
and succeeded in expelling the Sardinian  
King, Charles Albert, to his own side of the  
Ticino. With equal generalship, the  
French will find it no easy thing to bring  
about the end at which they aim—the aban-  
donment of Lombardy by Austria. That  
they will be strenuously assisted by the  
native population does not, we think, admit  
of much doubt. Whether Milan has revolted  
matters not. It will soon revolt, and it  
will be followed by other considerable cities  
and districts."  
Their animosity to the Austrian officials,  
on the contrary, has been deepened by events  
of the last ten years, and the readiness with  
which they have welcomed Garibaldi, as far  
as he has penetrated, is an earnest of what  
they are prepared to do as soon as they shall  
have been relieved from the immediate pre-  
ponderance of the Austrian arms. The in-  
terference of the German powers in behalf  
of Austria, is rendered less probable by the  
decided announcement of Russia brought to  
us by its arrival.  
A circular is said to have been addressed  
by Prince Gortschakoff, to the Russian En-  
voys at the several German Courts, explic-  
itly declaring that Russia will regard any  
German interference as a violation of the  
treaties of 1815, and a consequent distur-  
bance of the political equilibrium of Europe,  
and, of course, the interference is, in any  
such event, the Great Power of the North  
will feel at liberty to draw her sword in the  
conflict, and the menace from such a quar-  
ter, though it may stir the hot blood of ma-  
ny of the Southern Germans, will be duly  
considered by their Governments, and es-  
pecially by the Government of Prussia, to  
which the first step in every question in-  
volving the Germanic Confederation is com-  
mitted. Every additional day of reflection  
must serve to convince the Germans that  
they have really no defensible motive for  
throwing themselves in between Austria  
and her inevitable destiny. A vague sym-  
pathy of race cannot long persist against the  
influences of good sense and the clearest  
political and material interests. The old  
traditional prejudices against the French,  
engendered by the first Napoleon in 1813  
must give way to the more enlightened con-  
victions produced by altered circumstances  
and the new era of international relations.  
The fears of a French invasion of the  
Rhine are at this time little better than chim-  
erial, and there is no other substantial  
ground for the late manifestations of Ger-  
man patriotism. As soon, then, as this mag-  
net is extracted from the German brain, as  
it certainly will be, the liberal parties will  
see in the Italian war what the liberal par-  
ties of England and America already see—  
nothing more nor less than a war for na-  
tional independence. Whatever may be  
the personal motives of the leading party in  
it, the public sentiment of Europe will de-  
termine that it shall have no other charac-  
ter or scope."

## Home Life.

Here are some very judicious remarks  
on a much needed reform in this country.  
The homes of America will not become  
what they should be until a true idea of  
life shall become more widely implanted.  
The worship of the dollar does more to de-  
grade American homes, and the life of those  
homes than anything—than all things else.  
Utility is the good of almost universal wor-  
ship. The chief end of life is to gather gold  
and that gold is counted lost which hangs  
a picture upon the wall, which purchases  
flowers for the yard, which buys a toy or a  
book for the eager hand of childhood. Is  
this the whole of human life? Then it is a  
mean, meager and most undesirable thing.  
A child will go forth from such a home as  
a horse will go forth from a stall—glad to  
find fresh air and wider pasturage. The  
influence of such a home upon him in after  
life will be none at all, or nothing good.  
Thousands are rushing from homes like  
these every day. They crowd into cities  
and into villages. They swarm into all places  
where life is crowned with higher sig-  
nificance; and the old shell of home is de-  
serted by every bird as soon as it can fly.  
Ancestral homestead and paternal acres  
have no sacredness; and when the father  
and mother die, the stranger's presence ob-  
literate associations that should be among  
the most sacred of all things.

I would have you build up for your-  
selves and for your children a home which  
will never be lightly parted with—a home  
which shall be to all whose lives have been  
associated with it, the most interesting and  
precious spot on earth. I would have that  
home the abode of dignity, propriety, beau-  
ty, grace, love, genial fellowships and hap-  
py associations. Out from such a home I  
would have good influences flow into neigh-  
borhoods and communities. In such a home  
I would see noble ambition taking root, and  
receiving all generous culture. And then  
I would see you, young husband and young  
wife, happy. Do not deprive yourself of  
such influence as will come to you through  
an institution like this. No money can pay  
you for such a deprivation. No circum-  
stances but those of utter poverty can jus-  
tify you in denying these influences to your  
children.

**THE FRENCH GUNS.**—The marseilles  
correspondent of the Times, writing on the  
25th of May, says:  
"Detailed information which has been re-  
ceived from the seat of war relative to the  
slight artillery action near Valenza, in  
which the rifled four pounders were first  
brought into action, has afforded great sat-  
isfaction to military men, and has quieted  
many apprehensions, by demonstrating the  
practical utility and immense superiority of  
the new arm. The telegram is confirmed  
that the range was over 2500 metres (2734  
yards), upwards of a mile-and-a-half. The  
accuracy of the fire was no less surprising  
than the range, and the destructive effect  
was still more marvelous. Those who  
may have witnessed the experiments at  
Vicennes, when the solid masonry fortifi-  
cations were shattered by a few rounds  
and yards of stone revetment were tumbled  
down, were scarcely prepared for the re-  
sults obtained at Valenza against earth-  
works. After five rounds, the fortifica-  
tions of the Austrians were reduced to  
ruins.  
It is believed that the effect were due  
mainly to the long range, and that at short  
distances the fire would have been far less  
destructive, as the shot would have made a  
clean hole. To understand fully the advan-  
tages of the rifled gun, it should be re-  
membered that the Napoleon cannon—a  
light 12 pounder—cannot be relied upon  
for ranges beyond 1000 yards, and that the  
infantry rifles will not carry more than 800  
yards with accuracy. The French authori-  
ties have represented to an officer of a for-  
eign army that they have 200 of these rifled  
cannon in Piedmont, and here an artillery  
officer said they had 20 batteries or 120  
guns. There is good reason, however, to  
believe that both statements are exaggerated,  
and I had evidence to-day that the re-  
sources of France in Modern artillery are  
exhausted. This morning the batteries that  
were embarked were all smooth-bored guns.  
I examined one of them and found to my  
surprise, that it was unfitted-purged, cast  
at Toulouse, November 14th, 1851, and en-  
graved with the republican motto Liberty,  
Egalite, Fraternite, and near the muzzle  
with the name of a French victory, Baul-  
zen. This fact speaks volumes, and proves  
that, with all the progress which has been  
made during the last eight years, and the  
expenditure during the Russian war to pro-  
vide specimens of the new arm, re-organi-  
zation of the French artillery is not suffi-  
ciently advanced for a great European  
war."

## Can't Rejoice at It.

Some of the extreme Southern Democrats  
see nothing to rejoice at in the triumph of  
John Letcher, in Virginia. The Mobile  
Southern League thus express its opinion.  
"We have hardly believed the telegram  
which reports the election of John Letcher  
the Abolitionist of the Valley of Virginia.  
It confirms the opinion we have often ex-  
pressed that Virginia was unsound upon  
the subject of slavery, on the North of the  
James river and west of the Blue Ridge.  
It confirms, too, our opinion that the States  
South of that line must form a confederacy  
of their own, to resist the encroaching wave  
of Black Republicans. We have long seen  
the necessity of Disunion, and now we in-  
voke our timid friends who have dreaded a  
dissolution of the Union of the States, to  
join the Southern League, en masse, and  
build anew the barrier which no longer ex-  
ists on the banks of the Potomac. Let us  
have our cherished Southern Confederacy  
from James river to the Gulf of Mexico."

**AN OLD MAID'S DREAM.**—(Pifered.)—  
The old maid sat in her old arm-chair, with  
half-closed eyes and pensive air, and with-  
out a blush on her maiden face, fell into  
old "Murphy's" sweet embrace. She  
dreamed that a husband, kind and true, her  
form to his side so fondly drew, while in  
accents gentle, clear and slow, he called her  
the dearest name below. A fire was kind-  
led upon the hearth, and its brightness  
told of joy and mirth, while the tea-kettle  
sang a merrier lay than it had whistled for  
many a day. New light was diffused in the  
old maid's heart, as she felt her loneliness  
now depart; the table was spread, all  
clean and new, and plates and saucers, and  
chairs for two.—[Here the poet kindly  
pauses for the laudable purpose of prolong-  
ing the "old criterion's" bliss. But to resume.]  
At last as the dusky, dim twilight was fast  
giving place to the shades of night, she  
reached her arms for a sweet embrace, and  
alas! alas! found empty space. As from  
her vision of bliss she awoke, and found  
that her dream had perished and broke, she  
rose and said, with a shuddering sigh:  
"Oh, would I have married in days gone  
by!"

**PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE  
Emperors of France and Russia.**—The Paris  
correspondent of the London Star says:  
A private correspondence is kept up be-  
tween the Emperor Napoleon and the Czar.  
On Wednesday last, the 21, a letter was  
dispatched to St. Petersburg, entrusted to  
an Aid-de-Camp, in whom more than usual  
confidence is reposed.

**DOINGS OF THE GRAND DUCHE CON-  
STANTINE IN GREECE.**—The Pays says that at  
a banquet given at Athens, to the brother  
of the Czar, two toasts were hailed with  
frenzied excitement. One was to the suc-  
cess of the Franco-Italian arms, and the  
other was to the Franco Russian alliance.

**WORDS OF THE Czar.**—I am quite certain  
of the following words having been spoken  
by the Czar Alexander, last week: "I could  
not have believed Austria was so strong.  
The war may be much longer than was  
thought."

**GOVERNOR WISE AND THE PRESIDENCY.**  
—The Milledgeville (Ga.) Federal Union  
says: "If Gov. Wise entertained the remotest  
idea of being the nominee of the Charles-  
ton Convention for the Presidency, he may  
trouble himself no longer with such vain in-  
aginations. The result of the late election in  
Virginia runs down Wise stock to five cents  
on the dollar. The Democracy of the South  
will point to him as the man who is respon-  
sible for the small vote for Letcher."

**SIXTEEN MULES KILLED BY LIGHTNING.**  
—The Lebanon (Tenn.) Herald of last Fri-  
day says:  
"During a thunder storm on Wednesday  
night of last week, sixteen mules, belonging  
to B. D. Motley, of this vicinity, were killed  
by one stroke of lightning. They were  
all huddled together under a tree. They  
were young mules, and were worth at least  
\$2,500."

**Not long since a religious society in  
Connecticut met to decide what color they  
should paint their meeting house. Some pro-  
posed one color and some another. At last  
said one—  
"I move we paint it run-color, for Dea-  
con Smith has had his face painted that col-  
or for a number of years, and it grows  
brighter every year!"**

**An affection, however misplaced and  
ill requited, if honestly conceived and deeply  
felt, rarely fails to advance the self-edu-  
cation of man.**

**Were we as eloquent as angels, we  
should please some men, some women, and  
some children, much more by listening than  
by talking.**